

BOOK IN SOCIAL SCIENCES LIBRARY REVIEW

BÙI TẮT THẮNG (Editor in Chief). **Develop rapidly and sustainably Vietnam's economy (2011-2020 period)**. Social Sciences Publishing House, 2010, 331 pg, Vb 49274

Develop rapidly and sustainably economy is the pursuit of every country. For less developed countries, rapid and sustainable development of the economy also have been raised as a verbal command which urge, force in the context of competition to catch up with more developed countries. The book contributed to a discussion of the rationale (the theory) and practical (urgency, domestic and international conditions and actual capability) of the identification of views and policies primarily aimed at rapid and sustainable economic development of Vietnam up to 2020.

The book includes 3 chapters. Chapter 1 covers some basic theoretical issues of rapid and sustainable economic development. Chapter 2 analyzes the current status and ability to rapidly and sustainably develop the economy of Vietnam, which analyzes the lessons of the world draw questions about the approach, views and essential policies essential for rapid and sustainable development of the economy Chapter 3 proposes some perspectives and key policies for the rapid and sustainable development of Vietnam's economy in period 2011-2020.

TRUNG HẬU

BÙI HUY KHIÊN. **The lessons from two administrative reform under the reign of King Lê Thánh Tông and King Minh Mệnh**. Labor Publishing house, 2011, 280 pg, Vb 49344.

Administrative reform is an objective requirement, an important content of the comprehensive renewal of our country. The goal of administrative reform is to build a legitimate state, pure and capable administration system, proper use of power, effective management and efficient work of state, promote the healthy development of society, citizen's life, and build up a lifestyle toward law and constitutional.

In the history of the feudal state of Vietnam, there were many administrative reforms took place, such as administrative reform of Khúc family, Lý Công Uẩn, Trần Thủ Độ, Hồ Quý Ly, Đào Duy Từ, Trịnh Cương,... Among them, the administrative reform under the reign of King Lê Thánh Tông and King Minh Mệnh with the largest scale and scope. "Revise the old in order to know the new", acquire and apply the creative essence of the nation is one of the principle lead us to success. Three chapters of the book make this work.

Based on the most general meaning of the administrative reform - from history to the present (chapter one), and through the study of main content of two administrative reforms under King Lê Thánh Tông and King Minh Mệnh (chapter two), the authors summarize the

lessons learned from nature review (chapter three) to reach the common voice to help promote administrative reform in Vietnam towards effective and efficient.

KHÁNH CHI

PHẠM THỊ TRUNG. **Belief of soul of Xơ Teng**. H.: National Culture Publishing House, 2010, 271 pg., Vb 49404.

Xơ Teng people, (Tu Mơ Rông district, Kon Tum province), a local group of Xơ Đăng group was famous for special cultural characteristic, however, the wave of modern society in the strong clash to their separated space quickly wear away the rich and unique cultural treasures of the ethnic group.

The book is an approach in terms of traditional belief systems of Xơ Teng people from the cultural side to help us identify a step in the spiritual life of Xơ Teng people, and start learning the cultural results arose from the clash between traditional beliefs with new elements of life, with three main chapters.

Chapter 1 provides an overview of the Xơ Teng people in Tu Mơ Rông

Chapter 2 outlines the belief system and learns the concept of soul.

Chapter 3 studies the rituals related to religious soul of the Xơ Teng people and changes in life today.

TRUNG HẬU

TRẦN THỊ MINH NGỌC (Editor in chief). **Jobs of farmer in the industrialization, mordernization in Red River Delta up to 2020**. H.: National Political Publishing House, 2010, 357 pg., Vb 48882.

Currently, Vietnam in general and the Red River Delta in particular, due to development of industrialization and modernization the issue of creating jobs for workers remains a top concern of the priority of State and Communist party as well as society. In the interest of the Party, Government and the efforts of the people, the Red River Delta have taken advantage of the existing advantages and overcome difficulties and accelerated industrialization and modernization, made positive changes for the region. However, this process also causes the left side led to more pressing concern about jobs of citizen in the area to be further settlement.

The book includes three chapters, clarify some theoretical issues and factors affecting the employment of farmers in the Red River Delta in the process of industrialization and modernization (Chapter 1), contribute to analyze and evaluate the advantages and disadvantages as well as the achievements and constraints in the process of creating jobs for farmers in the Red River Delta (Chapter 2), from which, provide the direction and specific solutions to continue implementing these policies more effective.

DIỆU LINH