

Popularity and particularity of the path towards socialism in Vietnam

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Socialist building has been taking place in Vietnam, aiming at achieving the goal of “wealthy people, powerful nation, democracy, justice, and civilization”. The goal and the way to pursue the goal show the popularity and particularity for each country in its development process. These issues were already affirmed clearly in the Marxist – Leninism and in Ho Chi Minh’s thought. Vietnam is now performing the path towards socialism through long-lasting transitional stages, while combining the popularity and particularity together. It is, therefore, very necessary to improve modern market economic institutions, build and complete the State of law of the people by the people and for the people as well as civil society suitably with specific conditions in Vietnam at present.

Key words: Popularity; particularity; path; socialism.

Tendency of green economic development in the world

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Since the end of the Second World War, models of economic development of the form of brown economy have caused severe damages to the environment, although a lot of achievements have been gained. Climate change is taking place globally, threatening life of people and harming economic activities. To improve this situation, United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) launched the Green Economic Initiative in 2008 – a new economic development approach supported strongly by many countries. The paper analyzes some major tendencies in green economic development in the World.

Key words: Green economy; green economic development; tendency of green economy.

Clean industrialization towards sustainable development in Vietnam

Nguyen Thi Kieu Nga

With the Socio-Economic Development Strategy for the 2011 – 2020 period, Vietnam has determined a persistent goal of achieving rapid and sustainable economic development,

in which the focal immediate and long-term task is to accomplish growth model innovation and economic restructuring. The process of economic restructuring aims at some objectives, such as: to use effectively natural resources and minimize greenhouse gas emissions by doing research and applying modern technology; to improve infrastructure in order to increase economic effectiveness, cope climate change, reduce poverty, and create dynamics for sustainable economic growth. The clean industrialization has been carried out our country, pursuing a long-term goal of economic growth and sustainable development.

Key words: Clean industrialization; sustainable development; Vietnam.

Labor productivity in Vietnam at present

Nguyen Anh Bac

Labor productivity is an important criterion used for assessing the economic development level. For the past nearly 10 years, especially since Vietnam officially became a member of the World Trade Organization in 2007, the labor productivity in Vietnam has continuously increased, shortening the gap with that of other countries in the region. The labor productivity in Vietnam, however, still remains the lowest in Pacific - Asia. The paper analyzes the actual state of labor productivity in Vietnam, causes and measures to improve it.

Key words: Labor productivity; labor; Vietnam.

Solution to the housing demand of laborers in industrial zones in North-Central provinces

Bui Van Dung

At present, there have been more than 40 industrial zones in North-Central provinces of Vietnam. For laborers at the industrial zones, local ones have a house to live; whereas, migrant ones, who make up a majority, have to rent a house/room to stay. It is, therefore, really important to solve the housing demand for those laborers, aiming at stabilizing labor resource and social order at the local areas as well as making a contribution into development of the industrial zones.

Key words: Housing demand; laborer; industrial zones.

On the relationship between market economy and socialist-orientation

Tran Thanh

Market economy and socialist orientation can be combined objectively with each other. To make the combination successful and effective, however, it is necessary to continue

improving the viewpoint on this relationship. Market economy is an economic development model for socialist orientation; in the meanwhile, socialist orientation is essential to maximize positive aspects and minimize negative ones of market economy. The dialectical thinking of market economy and socialist orientation requires us to avoid halfway measures in market economic development and socialist orientation as well.

Key words: Thinking renovation; market economy; socialist orientation.

Tran Duc Thao and phenomenology

Bui Thi Tinh

Tran Duc Thao is an philosopher, who took great pains with research on phenomenology. After realizing shortcomings of the Husserl's phenomenology, he used the dialectical materialism to build the "dialectical phenomenology". Tran Duc Thao carried out selection and combination the Husserl's thought and Marx's viewpoint, creating an active "multifunctional sensor" for phenomenology. His contribution into philosophy of the mankind should be reviewed and evaluated comprehensively and objectively.

Key words: Tran Duc Thao; Husserl; phenomenology; dialectical materialism.

Educational socialization makes a contribution towards building learning society

Ta Thi Bich Ngoc

Educational socialization plays an important role in building learning society, since it mobilizes participation in various forms from the State and the whole society in educational development. There are 5 basic groups of activities in learning society building, including: eradicating illiteracy and universalizing compulsory education; enlarging size and diversifying educational content and types; executing social justice in education; encouraging self-learning; and, increasing the budget proportion and mobilizing all resources for education.

Key words: Educational socialization; learning society; Vietnam; learning society building.

Urbanization in Vietnam at present

Hoang Ba Think

Doan Thi Thanh Huyen

Urbanization is the necessity and the rate of urbanization is viewed as an indicator of development for a country or an area. Urbanization does not only mean expansion of the

geographical space of a city/a town, but also means population change. The paper introduces basic features of urbanization in Vietnam during *Doi moi* and forecasts the tendency of urbanization in Vietnam until 2020 and vision towards 2030.

Key words: Urbanization; industrialization; urban development; urban upgrading; spontaneous urbanization.

Impact of interest groups on the performance of social justice for economic constituents

Nguyen Thi Lan Huong

The paper analyzes domination of interest groups on performance of social justice for different economic constituents in Vietnam at present. The domination is seen in various sectors, such as land-use, finance, currency, and investment etc... Based on analyses of the domination of interest groups on performance of social justice for economic constituents, the author shows some major causes as well as recommends some measures to minimize and then eradicate completely the domination.

Key words: Group interest; interest group; social justice; equality of opportunity; economic constituent.

Ho Chi Minh's thought on diplomacy

Tran Thi Minh Tuyet

At the ancient time, our ancestors already realized the important role of diplomacy as a tool to achieve peace with other nations, aiming at reaching the state of a wealthy nation, a powerful army, peace in internal and external relations. Continuing the tradition, we gained striking achievements in revolutionary diplomacy in the 20th Century, although we had to struggle against professional, experienced and cunning diplomacy of other powers. To build and improve our fledgling diplomacy, Ho Chi Minh thoroughly realized the significance of diplomacy and viewed it as an important battlefield in the national comprehensive struggle for justice. In every period of history, his thought shows directions for awareness and activities of our revolutionary diplomacy, making a contribution towards the national great victory.

Key words: Ho Chi Minh; Ho Chi Minh's thought; Vietnam; diplomatic battlefield; revolutionary diplomacy.

China – United States Relations from 1949 up to now

Nguyen Thi Thanh Van

The China – United States relations have become one of the most important factors in the international relations at present. In the new trend, the both sides aim at a new-typed relationship between powerful nations, following such principles as non-confrontation, non-conflict, mutual respect, and win-win cooperation. The China – United States relations have been causing more and more impacts, leading to formation of a new strategic political face in the world and the region. The relationship is characterized by cooperation, confrontation and restriction mixing together. In the long term, the both sides will get contradictions involved with strategic interests, but in the short term, they still need each other in their bilateral as well as multilateral security, political and economic relations.

Key words: China; United States; China – United States relations.

Change in the lineage, marriage and family of K’ho people in Vietnam

Le Minh Chien

Marriage, family and lineage constitute a component of social organization; they are closely attached with culture, tradition, custom, and social structure of an ethnic group; they vary according to diachronic situations and “social events”. The paper presents a survey on K’ho community in urbanizations, industrialization and shows changes in the lineage, marriage, and family of K’ho people.

Key words: Lineage; marriage; family; K’ho people.

Traditional moral values in the culture of ethnic minorities in the Central Highlands

Pham Huy Thanh

The traditional moral value is an important part in the system of Vietnamese spiritual values. Talking about Vietnamese traditional moral values means to talk about particular moral values of Vietnamese people, which have been selected and tested for thousands years in history. Ethnic minorities in the Central Highlands are a part of all Vietnamese people. Their culture also makes a contribution towards Vietnamese cultural values. The paper describes some traditional moral values expressed in the culture of ethnic minorities in the Central Highlands, aiming at showing more clearly “an united and diversified culture of the Vietnamese national community altogether.

Key words: Traditional moral value; Central Highland people; identity; epics; festival.