

BOOKS IN SOCIAL SCIENCES LIBRARY REVIEW

NGUYỄN VĨNH THANH, LÊ SỸ THỌ. **Vietnam agriculture after joining WTO: opportunity and challenges.** H.: Labor – Society Publishing House, 2010, 271 pg., Vb 48698.

Joining WTO brings many opportunities for Vietnam's economy in general and for Vietnam agriculture in specific, but also challenges. How to grasp and uphold opportunities and cope with challenges during performance of commitments, then to improve competitiveness of Vietnam's agriculture? Whether Vietnam's agriculture stands firmly during integration? How will Vietnam perform commitments in agriculture? Content of the book will be the answers for these questions.

The book includes 3 chapters.

Chapter 1 highlight position, role of agriculture in socio-economic development, analyze issues related to agriculture in context of international integration. Simultaneously, authors reckon experience of countries in the world for Vietnam's agriculture development after became WTO member.

Chapter 2 analyze real situation of Vietnam's agriculture development in recent years, bring out the opportunities as well as challenges for Vietnam's agriculture after joining WTO.

Chapter 3 give out development opinions, orientation and propose some essential solutions to develop Vietnam's

agriculture within performing commitment in WTO.

DƯƠNG PHONG

NGUYỄN THỊ MAI LAN. **Orient value, personality of high school students.** H.: Encyclopedia Publishing House, 2010, 395 pg., Vb 48626.

Studying the orientation of personality value of high school students help them to strengthen and improve suitable personality toward common value of the society in the context of globalization and international integration is an critical and urgent action.

Content of the book presented in 5 chapters.

Chapter 1 and 2 present argumentable basis with some concepts, basic manifestation and element affect the orientation of high school student personality.

Chapter 3-5 clarify the actual situation of orienting personality of high school student in studying, relations with other people. At the same time, the author analyzes some typical cases to point out that the orientation of personality of high school student dependently formed by elements such as: family education, awareness of living target, social or community activities.

Ending of the book is Survey form and Survey results about personality orientation of high school student in Hanoi and Tuyên Quang.

DƯƠNG PHONG

NGUYỄN ĐÌNH TẤN, LÊ TIÊU LA, TRẦN THỊ BÍCH HẰNG. **Capability of grassroots manager in implementing women's right: real situation and solutions.** H.: National Political Publishing House, 2010, 231 pg., Vb 48652.

In Vietnam, currently has many inadequate issues related to women's right, violence, mistreatment with women, inequality in marriage. To implement adequately women's right, it is necessary to gather efforts of the community among these the most important role belong to managers, especially grassroots managers.

Chapter 1 of the book brief argumental issues about ability to carry out women's right of grassroots leaders, managers.

Chapter 2 analyse real situation of carrying out women's right of grassroots managers in Vietnam nowadays. First of all, that is the awareness, attitude and then is behavior toward women's right. Besides, the authors show elements which impact capability of grassroots managers to carry out women's right, including both advantages and disadvantages.

Chapter 3 gives some viewpoints as well as proposal to improve capability to perform women's rights grassroots managers in Vietnam nowadays.

HOÀI PHÚC

DOÃN HÙNG (Editor in Chief). **Develop and manage the development in Southwest of Vietnam: Some argumental and practical issues.** H.: National Political Publishing House, 2010, 302 pg., Vb 48706.

Southwest of is not only a domain for general function but a area with community of ethnic groups: Kinh, Khmer, Hoa, Chăm. Characteristic of ethnic group affects importantly to social development and management of social development in this area from reduce poverty and eliminate hunger, labor and job, health care, develop education, resettlement, anti social evils...

Social development and management social development in Southwest Vietnam is posing many issues to be solved and it requires that the social development management policies must be paid attention in micro and macro level in grassroots level.. It does not only belong to social policy but relate to social stabilization of ethnic group in Southwest Vietnam. To keep stability for this area, it requires incessantly improvement of social policies together with proper impact on specific trait of ethnic group, deal with ethnic group relations in area and local level.

These contents presented in 4 chapters: 1. *Argument on nation - ethnic group relates to social development management for minor group in Southwest Vietnam.* 2. *Characters of Southwest Vietnam impact on social development and management of social development.* 3. *Real situation of social development and management of social development in Southwest Vietnam.* 4. *Solution to improve social development and management of social development in Southwest Vietnam during renewal period.*

DƯƠNG PHONG

HOÀNG VĂN CHÂU (Editor in Chief). **Supporting industry development policy of Vietnam**. H.: Information and communication Publishing House, 2010, 363 pg., Vv 10690.

Develop supporting industry is considered as practical solution to develop domestic market in consuming and supplying material in the context of re-structure Vietnam industry in current period. The book has five chapters.

Chapter 1 brief some common issues of supporting industries and policy to develop supporting countries.

Chapter 2 raise experience to develop supporting industries of some countries in the world such as: Thailand, Malaysia, China... Based on that, the authors draw out some lesson for Vietnam in forming a model and structure to develop supporting industries propose policies to attract foreign investment in supporting industries, develop human resources...

Chapter 3 analyze real situation and propose general evaluation of Vietnam's supporting industries development in some specific branches such as: automobile manufacture, electronics, textile, shoes, mechanics

Chapter 4 brings out the meaning of supporting industries development policies of Vietnam, give out general evaluation from viewpoints of business sectors as well as researchers.

Based on that, in chapter 5, the authors propose policy to develop supporting industries in Vietnam up to 2020.

HOÀI PHÚC

ĐÌNH KIM PHÚC (Editor in Chief).

Vietnam sovereignty in Spatly islands & Parcel islands. H.: Knowledge Publishing House, 2010, 150 pg., Vb 48974.

Sovereignty and territorial integrity are inviolability of each nation. Border of each nation is manifestation of inviolable national independence. Border couples with territory so International and law and practice recognize the imprescriptibility of national territory. Therefore, the protection of border means protection of territory sovereignty against foreign aggression.

Study Vietnam's sovereignty in Southeast Asia Sea, content of the book is basic information about sovereignty of Vietnam in Spratly islands and Parcel islands and it is initial documents for those care about this issues to understand and create stronger awareness in protecting sovereignty and territorial integrity in mainland as well as islands of Vietnam.

The book includes 4 parts:

Part 1: *Legal concepts related to island dispute*.

Part 2: Brief geographic – *political position of Southeast Asia Sea* and bring out the *sovereignty of sea and island of Spratly islands - Parcel islands of Vietnam* as historic documents

The 3rd part confirms and clarify that *Spratly islands- Parcel islands* are belonged to Vietnam for ever.

The 4th part clear out the groundless of Chinese claim "The dotted line" in *Southeast Asia Sea*

MAI CHI

ĐINH TRUNG THÀNH. Direct investment of inter-nation companies of Japan in renewal period of Vietnam. H.: National Political Publishing House, 2010, 284 pg., Vb 48366.

In the work of industrialization and modernization, Vietnamese Communist party and Vietnam Government lay down as a policy building an opening, integrating economy, encourage forms of cooperation, joint venture to attract capital, new technology and experience of other countries especially Transnational Corporation (TNCs) from developed industrial countries. After exploring market, up to now most of large TNCs of Japan do business in Vietnam with noticeable investment projects. . Direct investment of Japanese TNCs also not in large volume of project but they impact largely to the socio-economic development, technology development and basic infrastructure, contribute to strengthen relationship between Vietnam – Japan.

The book has 3 chapter, analyze objective role and position of direct investment of Japanese TNCs to the socio-economic development and integration of Vietnam (chapter 1); bring out the achievement as well as shortcoming in attracting and using direct investment capital of Japanese TNCs in current situation when cooperation relations between the two countries was strengthened to strategic partners, (chapter 2); on that foundation, provide some scientific forecast and basic solutions to attract and use effectively the investment capital of

Japan's TNCs (chapter 3).

KHÁNH VÂN

VĂN QUẢNG. Temple, pagoda, Shrine, Palace, communal house in Hanoi and worship rites. H.: Labor Publishing House, 2010, 196 p., Vb 49218.

Temple, pagoda, shrine, communal house are places for worship and culture activities of Vietnamese over many generations. Each temple, pagoda, shrine has its own story, legend which connects with genie, Buddha and the stories about belief, religion. In addition, these are place records mark of architecture, fine arts of Vietnamese over history periods.

Thăng Long – Hanoi has many relics, beauty spot, famous landscape which are temple, shrine, palace, pagoda with specific traits of a lifetime place. The book provides useful information of such interesting places in two chapters

Chapter 1, introduces *temple, shrine, pagoda, communal house* in Hanoi – work with many achievements of architecture, painting, fine arts and legends with traditional character and history of capital city's culture and talented

Chapter 2 brief *worship rites* at temple, pagoda, palace, shrine of Vietnamese. These rites imply many meaning of spirit as well as religion, enrich character of Vietnamese. Ending of the chapter is some praying speech at temple, shrine, pagoda...of prayers.

TRUNG HẬU

MAI NGỌC ANH. Social security with farmers in market economy in Vietnam (monograph). H.: National political

Publishing House, 2010, 311 pg., Vb 48692.

Social security for farmers is a significant issues because it ensure life for farmers and contribute to economic, political sustainability for sustainable development of economy.

In recent years, Vietnamese communist party and Vietnam government have had many policies to deal with such difficulties to improve living standard for farmers and encourage them to take part in social security system. However, the key is these people have low income which is reason why they are easy to hurt, before changes in life such as sickness, disease, natural calamity...

The book specifies some argumentable and practical issues about social security system for farmers in Vietnam nowadays. Besides, the author analyzes real situation of social security system for Vietnamese farmers when moving to market economy, points out achievements and shortcomings and problems in building social security system for farmers in our country. On that foundation, the author proposes some solution, orientation to build and complete social security system for Vietnamese farmers in coming years.

HUỆ NGUYỄN

ĐỖ THỊ MINH THÚY, NGUYỄN HỒNG SƠN. Duy Tân movement with the change of Vietnam culture in early

of 20th century. H.: Encyclopedia & Institute of Culture, 2010, 413 pg., Vb 48878.

More than 100 years ago, Phan Châu Trinh, Huỳnh Thúc Kháng and Trần Quý Cáp, brilliant patriots from Quảng Nam, took the initiative of the Duy Tân movement in Central Vietnam, together with Đông Du movement started by Phan Bội Châu and Đông Kinh Nghĩa Thục movement in Tonkin made a renovation maneuvering, marked a great developments of Vietnam culture, from considering Confucianism as state governing, examining, succeeding way... thought to democracy, civil rights, heighten real education, commerce and industry toward independence and self-control for Vietnam.

Content of the book specifies contributions of Duy Tân movement in cultural career, especially for the development of Thăng Long – Hanoi culture. SThe book has three part.

Part I mentions the economic, political and social premiss leading to Duy Tân movement. Position of Duy Tân in modern Vietnamese culture.

Part II mentions activities of Duy Tân movement.

Part III mentions weakness of Duy Tân movement.

HÀ AN